

STATES OF JERSEY



DRAFT REGISTER OF NAMES AND ADDRESSES (JERSEY) AMENDMENT LAW 202- (P.109/2025) – CHILDREN’S RIGHTS IMPACT ASSESSMENT

**Presented to the States on 2nd December 2025
by the Chief Minister**

STATES GREFFE

CHILDREN'S RIGHTS IMPACT ASSESSMENT (CRIA)

PART 1: SCREENING

Name and title of Duty Bearer:	Deputy Lyndon Farnham, Chief Minister
Type of Duty Bearer: (Minister, Elected Member or States Assembly Body)	Minister
Assessment completed by (if not completed by duty bearer):	Senior Policy Officer, Financial Services Unit
Date:	13 November 2025

1) Name and brief description of the proposed decision ‘Decision’ means: • an Assembly proposition • an amendment (or further amendment) to a proposition • for Ministerial duty-bearers, policy under development The draft law will extend the permitted purposes for which information supplied to credit reference agencies subject to Article 5A of the Register of Names and Addresses (Jersey) Law 2012 can be processed, to now include law enforcement purposes. This amendment addresses a limitation of the Register of Names and Addresses (Amendment) (Jersey) Law 2023 which unintentionally restricted the application this common purpose for processing under the Data Protection (Jersey) Law 2017. Children are not considered to be impacted by this amendment as the supply of information under the existing Article 5A is limited to persons who have attained full age (18 years of age) – see Article 5A(8).
2) Which groups of children and young people are likely to be affected? Groups of children could include early years, primary or secondary education; young adults; children with additional learning needs; disabled children; children living in poverty; children from particular ethnic backgrounds; migrants; refugees; care experienced children and LGBTQ+ children No children are affected.
3) What is the likely impact of the proposed decision on children and on their rights? Impacts may be positive or negative, direct or indirect Include whether different groups of children will be affected differently by the decision There is no impact on children as they are not affected by these provisions.
4) Is a full Children’s Rights Impact Assessment required? If you have identified impacts on children and their rights, a full CRIA should be completed. If no impacts are identified then a Full CRIA is not required, but <u>please explain your rationale and how you reached this conclusion</u> No – a full CRIA is not deemed required.